Approved For Release 101276/05 FOR 1270 T0091-A007200130001-7

25X1

21 August 1963

25X1

Copy No. C A Way

# CENTRAL

# INTELLIGENCE

## BULLETIN



25X1

GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification

Approved For Release 2002/06/05 2014 FDP 10 T00975A007200130001-7

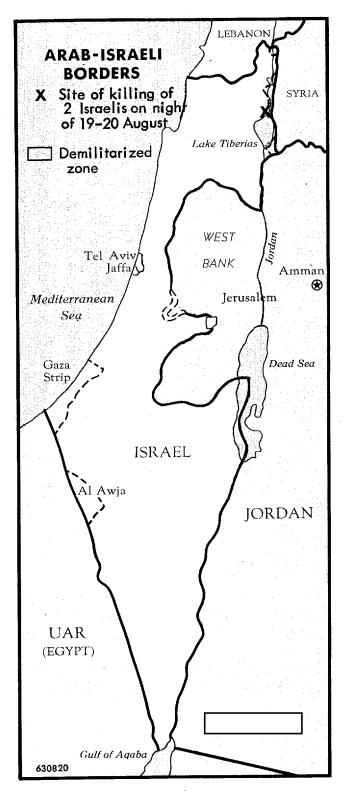
21 August 1963

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

## CONTENTS

25X1	
	<ol> <li>Israel-Syria: Repeated Syrian border attacks may draw some major Israeli retaliation. (Page 3)</li> </ol>
	4. Cuba: An official communiqué blames the US for recent attacks on Cuban industrial installations. (Page 4)
25X1	

Next 2 Page(s) In Document Exempt



25X1

25Approved For Release 2002/06/05 : CIA-RDP79T00975A007200130001-7

\*Israel-Syria: Israel is increasingly likely to undertake some major military actions in retaliation for repeated Syrian border attacks.

There is as yet no discernible evidence of Israeli preparations for such action. However, the Israelis require little advance movement in view of the short distance between their military bases and the Syrian border.

Any ground strike by Israeli forces probably would be on a larger scale than the last previous Israeli raid against Syria--an effort by a reinforced battalion on 16-17 March 1962. That raid met stiff resistance from the Syrians, who occupy high ground overlooking Israeli territory. An Israeli air strike against the Syrian positions is another possibility.

The Israeli cabinet has requested a meeting of the UN Security Council to consider "Syrian aggression." The Syrians killed two Israelis on the night of 19-20 August, and, according to the Israelis, Syrian MIG-17 fighters subsequently penetrated Israeli airspace.

25X1

Cuba: Havana's strong reaction to the raids of 18 and 19 August on Cuban industrial installations may signal a sharper propaganda campaign against the US and possibly a new offensive in the UN.

The 20 August communiqué on the subject accused the US Government of responsibility and claimed that the raid proves again that the US has begun a plan of aggression. The communiqué declared that the Cuban Government "finds it necessary to decide what steps to take to assure the defense of the country." It warned world opinion of "the danger that this policy entails for peace less than a year after the October crisis."

The communique also accused the US of taking advantage of the more relaxed "international situation" accompanying the signing of the test-ban treaty and warned against underestimating the "solidarity of the Soviet Union" toward Cuba.

The communique restated the Cuban argument that tension can only be eliminated in the Caribbean area through acceptance of Castro's "Five Points." The "Five Points" were issued by Castro last October and have since received only nominal Soviet support. They call for the cessation of all US pressures against the Castro regime and evacuation of the US naval base.

Reference to the "Five Points" in this context suggests that the Cuban Government may be considering an appeal to the United Nations.

25X1

### THE PRESIDENT

The Vice President

Executive Offices of the White House

Special Counsel to the President

The Special Assistant for National Security Affairs

The Scientific Adviser to the President

The Director of the Budget

The Director, National Aeronautics and Space Administration

### The Department of State

The Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State

The Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Deputy Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs

The Counselor and Chairman of the Policy Planning Council

The Director of Intelligence and Research

### The Treasury Department

The Secretary of the Treasury

The Under Secretary of the Treasury

### The Department of Defense

The Secretary of Defense

The Deputy Secretary of Defense

The Secretary of the Army

The Secretary of the Navy

The Secretary of the Air Force

The Assistant Secretary of Defense (International Security Affairs)

The Assistant Secretary of Defense

The Chairman, The Joint Chiefs of Staff

Chief of Naval Operations, United States Navy

Chief of Staff, United States Air Force

Chief of Staff, United States Army

Commandant, United States Marine Corps

U.S. Rep., Military Committee and Standing Group, NATO

Supreme Allied Commander, Europe

Commander in Chief, Pacific

Commander in Chief, Atlantic

The Director, Defense Intelligence Agency

The Director, The Joint Staff

The Director for Intelligence, The Joint Staff

The Assistant Chief of Staff for Intelligence, Department of Army

The Director of Naval Intelligence, Department of Navy

The Assistant Chief of Staff, Intelligence, Department of the Air Force

### The Department of Justice

The Attorney General

The Federal Bureau of Investigation

The Director

The Atomic Energy Commission

The Chairman

The National Security Agency

The Director

The United States Information Agency

The Director

The National Indications Center

The Director

Approved For Release 02/06/SECRET9T00975A007200130001-7